

Visual Property Inspection

662 Sammon Ave
Toronto, ON M4C 2E2

Prepared for :

The Weir Team

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Inspected by :

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Report Commentary

Date: 23-Apr-2016

662 Sammon Ave, Toronto, ON M4C 2E2

This summary is not the entire report. The complete report may include additional information of concern to the client. It is recommended that the client read the entire report.

1.0 Roof Structure

1.1 **Main Roof**

Shingles are in their last 3rd of their life expectancy. Monitor on an annual basis and replace as required.

2.0 Electrical Service

2.1 **Service Size**

100 amp service, copper wire.

3.0 Heating

3.1 **Heating System**

Mid efficiency furnace is 12 years old and functioning as intended. Typical life expectancy is 20 years.

3.2 **AC**

AC Unit is 12 years old. Typical life expectancy is 15 years.

Testing A/C unit during low outdoor temperatures will cause system failure. Determine function during cooling season.

4.0 Plumbing Components

4.1 **Hot Water Tank**

Rental water heater is 13 years old and functioning as intended. Typical life expectancy is 15 years.

Property and Site

Limitations

- Vegetation/Tree/Shrub Vines Debris/Obstruction
 Snow/Ice Cover
AGE OF HOME 75+
-

Conditions

- Sunny/Mostly Sunny Cloudy/Mostly Cloudy Rain/Wet Conditions
 Snow/Ice Conditions
Approx. Temperature 11 celsius
-

Building

- Bungalow Duplex Condo Townhome

Recommend CO detector installation as required by law within 15 feet of all bedrooms for occupant safety.

All smoke detectors over 10 years old should be replaced for safety as a precautionary measure. Some have a limited lifespan and older technology detectors are not as effective as newer ones.

Inspection limited by furnishings throughout the home including but not limited to furniture, blinds, curtains, wall & floor coverings, possibly fresh paint, boxes, appliances, clothes, items stored under some or all sinks, and storage items

This is not a building code inspection. Local codes, city and county, can vary significantly and change regularly over time, and are not a part of this home inspection.

Landscaping

- Bushes/Hedge/Flower Bed Vine Slopes To House
-

Driveway

- Concrete Gravel Gravel Needs Regrading Asphalt Interlock
-

Walkway/Path

- Slopes to House Concrete Paving Stone Patio Stone/Brick
-

Front Porch

- Crack Wood/Composite Concrete Brick/Block/Paving Stone

Unable to determine condition of underside of deck/porch due to solid skirting .

Monitor wood to soil contact and correct as necessary to promote stability.

Front Porch Rail

- Wood Metal Composite
-



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Property and Site

Front Porch Light

Operational

- Unsecured Appears to be sensor activated Representative # Inspected/Tested

Retaining Wall

- Wood Metal Concrete Leaning slightly - Typical

Monitor retaining wall movement at driveway and correct as required to reduce potential safety hazards

Exterior

Limitations

- Insulation Conceals
- Obstructed/No or Partial Access
- Clearance
- Bushes/Vines/Tree Obstructions
- Debris/Obstruction
- Snow/Ice Cover

Foundation Wall

- Stone/Flagstone
- Preserved Wood
- Completely Concealed
- Brick
- Partially Concealed
- Concrete
- Block
- Hairline Cracking-typical

Exterior Walls

- Wood/Composite
- On Wood Framing
- Stucco
- Vinyl/Aluminum
- Brick/Stone

Repair or replace damaged or missing wood siding to prevent water entry and related damages.

Repair mortar deterioration to prevent water entry.

Window Exterior

- Wood
- Metal
- Vinyl
- Wood Int/Vinyl or Metal Cla

Repair mortar deterioration at sills to prevent water entry.

Garage Side or Back Door

- Dented/Minor Damage
- Binds - Adjust/repair

Operational

Exterior Lighting

- Not all lights tested
- Unsecured - repair
- Representative # Inspected/Tested

Operational

Roof Structure

Inspected By:

- Binocular
 Roof Edge
 Walk On
 No Access

Limitations

- Deck/Patio
 Solar Panels
 Gravel Cover
 Steep Slope
 Height
 Snow/Ice Cover
 Rain - Too Slippery
 Material Too Slippery

Main Roof

- Flat
 Gable
 Hip/Valley
 Shed
 Estimated Age 10 to 15 years
 Pitch 4 in 12

Shingles are in their last 3rd of there life expectancy. Monitor on an annual basis and replace as required.

Gutter/Downspout

- Galvanized
 Plastic
 Aluminum
 Copper
 Below Ground Discharge
 Above Ground Discharge

Fascia/Soffit

- Moisture Staining evident - Monitor
 Aluminum/Vinyl
 Wood

Covering

- Concrete/Clay Tile
 Wood Shingle/Wood Shake
 Asphalt/Composite Shingle
 Metal
 Other
 Flat Roof Membrane
 Tar & Grav
 Estimated # of Layers 2

Monitor previous repairs to prevent leakage.

Life Expectancy

- Typical
 Middle
 End
 Exceeded
 Middle/end

Accessory

- Vent Stack
 Solar Panels
 Skylight(s)
 Vent Caps

Flashing

- Not Checked/Concealed
 Chimney
 Drip Edge
 Flat Roof
 Skylight
 Roof to Wall
 Stack
 Valley
 Roll Roofing
 Replace When Re-roofing
 Aluminum/Galvanized
 Tarring/Concealed

Chimney/Vent

- Wood
 Metal
 Furnace/Water Heater
 Fireplace
 Brick/Block/Stone
 Stone
 Corrosion

Chimney Cap

- Concrete
 Metal
 Minor Cracking - Seal
 Corrosion

Limitations

- No Access/Sealed Insulated Stored Items Looked In/Insp from opening
 Entered Hatch Pull Down

Structure

- Truss Rafter Stains

Sheathing

- Condensation Boards Plywood/OSB Stain(s)

Monitor water staining on beams and boards and correct as required. Insulation was dry at time of inspection.

Insulation

- Concealed/Not Visible/Finished Fiberglass Foam Rock Wool Fiberglass
 Blown In/Loose Batt Other Cellulose

Estimated Depth 6 inches

Insulate and weatherstrip hatch to limit the amount of moisture from entering attic space .

Ventilation

- None Turbine Mechanical Soffit Roof/Ridge Baffles
 Gable end Turbine

Install additional roof vents to promote attic ventilation and reduce attic moisture/condensation related damages.

Basement/Structure

Limitations

- Finished/Partially Finished
 Dry Ground
 Clutter/Obstruction
 Dry Weather/Drought

Basement structure material/conditions determined by representative amount as visible in furnace/laundry utility room. Approximately 25% of components visible

Floor

- Crack(s) - Typical. Seal + Monitor
 Concrete
 Carpet
 Ceramic
 Vinyl
 Structural Wood Floor
 Structural Concrete Floor

Wall

- Crack
 Concealed
 Concrete
 Block
 Brick/Stone
 Wood
 Drywall/Plaster

Ceiling

- Unfinished
 Wood
 Tile
 Drywall/Plaster

Window

- Binds - Adjust/repair
 Not Tested
 Thermal
 Single Pane
 Fixed Pane
 Metal
 Wood
 Vinyl
 Representative # Inspected/Tested

Operational

Door

- Binds
 Damaged
 Pocket
 Hinged
 Wood
 Metal
 Hole(s)/Damaged
 Representative # Inspected/Tested

Operational

Lighting

- Minimal
 Unsecured
 Representative # Inspected/Tested

Operational

Heat Source

- None
 Electric
 Air Register
 Radiant/Baseboard

Basement Stairway

- Unsecured
 Carpet
 Wood
 Worn

Floor Joist

- Concealed
 Engineered Joists
 Solid Wood
 Stained

Bridging

- Concealed
 Continuous
 X-Metal
 X-Wood
 Solid Wood
 None

Beam

- Unsecured
 Concealed
 Metal
 Wood

Basement/Structure

Post

- On Slab Concealed Wood Concrete Metal Brick/Block
 Stone

Pipes/Ducts

- Unsecured Leak Insulated

Provide clearance between pipes of dissimilar material to prevent corrosion and pipe failure.



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Electrical Service

Service Entrance

No Conduit Overhead Underground 120/240V

Entrance Cable

Concealed Aluminum Copper

Main Disconnect

Switch/Cartridge Fuse Breaker

Service Size

Have Electrician Evaluate

Amps 100

100 amp service, copper wire.

Distribution Panel

Not Opened Non Standard Installation Obstructed

Location Basement east wall

Panel Rating

Room For Expansion

Amps 125

Fuse

Breaker GFCI Breaker AFCI Breaker Over-Fused Cartridge Glass

Circuit Wires/Receptacles

Aluminum Copper Representative # of Outlets Inspected/Tests Switched Outlets

Grounding

Concealed Ground Rod Water Main

Bonding

Concealed Water Pipe Gas Pipe Meter By-Pass

Heating

Heat Shield

- Missing Corrosion Soot None

Burn Chamber

- Advise Adjustment Soot

Motor/Blower

- Direct Drive Noisy Other

Operational

Filter

- Disposable Missing Inoperable Undersized Damaged

Duct/Joint/Housing

- Unsecured Corrosion Secured

AC

- Not Checked Dirty Central Room Unit
Approx. Age 12 years Approx Size - Tons 1.5

Not Applicable

AC Unit is 12 years old. Typical life expectancy is 15 years.

Testing A/C unit during low outdoor temperatures will cause system failure. Determine function during cooling season.

Cooling Fuel Source

- Electric

Condensation Line

- Improper Drain Corrosion

Refrigerant Line

- Unsecured Not Insulated

Plumbing Components

Limitation

- Finished Basement Private System

Public Supply

- Concealed Lead Galvanized Plastic Copper Metered
 Not Metered

Shut Off Location: Behind finished south wall

Public Shut-Off Valve

- Not Tested Corrosion Tagged/Labeled for Convenience

Water Pressure

- Low Typical High

Water Quality

- Discoloration Debris Odor Advise Well Water Quality Tes Typical

Hose Bibb

Not Applicable

- Not Checked Shut-Off Valve Unsecured Frost Free

Determine operation when weather permits. Hose bibb currently winterized

Distribution Piping

- Concealed Plastic Galvanized Copper

Cross Connection

- Kitchen Laundry Hose Bibb None Visible

Waste Drainage

- Concealed Cast Iron Plastic Copper Pump/Inspect Septic System

Sewer lines in old homes such as this are prone to tree root damage, low spots, fractures, or collapse due to deterioration over time. If line has not been replaced in modern time, it may well need to be in the near future. The best way to determine condition of the drain line requires camera/scope evaluation by a drain professional.

Floor Drain

- None - a potential concern Drain Appeared Functional During Tes Concealed

Main Cleanout

- Concealed

Plumbing Components

Hot Water Tank

Operational

- With Heating System Gas Electric Some Corrosion Noted - Typical
Estimated Capacity -Litres 150

Rental water heater is 13 years old and functioning as intended. Typical life expectancy is 15 years.

Life Expectancy

- Typical Exceeded Middle Middle/End

Fuel Shut-Off

- Concealed
Location beside

Relief Valve

- No Test Lever Corrosion Other

Discharge Tube

- Undersized Discharge

Venting

- Flue Sidewall Improper Rise Unsecured Corrosion Soot

Burn Chamber

- Not Checked Needs Adjustment

Laundry

Floor

- Worn No drain

Wall

- Patched Unfinished Crack - Typical Uneven

Ceiling

- Patched Unfinished Crack - Typical Uneven

Monitor water stains and correct as required. Dry at time of inspection.

Door

- Binds Damaged/Hole in Door

Operational

Lighting

- None Unsecured

Operational

Trap/Drain

- Drain stop disconnected/inoperable-repair Improper Trap Slow Drain Corrosion

Washer

- Tested On/Off Function Only
Make LG

Operational: Yes

All appliances were turned on using regular operating controls if they are connected or not shut down. All functions and different systems are not tested. The test simply comprises turning the appliances on to verify some basic functionality.

Dryer

- Tested On/Off Function Only
Make LG # 210KWLRC7128

Operational: Yes

Dryer Vent

- Unsecured To Crawlspace Mostly Concealed Plastic Duct

Dryer vent cleaning is recommended to increase efficiency and for fire safety. Inspect/clean on a regular basis.

Interior of dryer vent condition concealed-not inspected

All Baths

Location

- Basement 1st Floor 2nd Floor 3rd Floor

Water Flow

- Normal Suspect Low

Floor

- Worn Minor Cracking - Typica Stains/Minor Damage

Wall

- Uneven Patched - Typical Ceramic

Ceiling

- Uneven Minor Patching - Typical Minor Cracking - Typica

Window

- Binds - Adjust/Repair Not Tested Treat Wood To Preserve/Protect Thermal Pane
 Single Pane Storm Windows Representative # Inspected/Tested

Operational

Door

- Binds - Adjust/Repair Damaged Representative # Inspected/Tested

Operational

Lighting

- None Unsecured

Operational

Exhaust Fan

- Advise Installation Dirty - Clean for best function Noisy - Service/Repair/Replace

Not Applicable

Install exhaust fan to remove excess moisture, reduce related damages/deterioration and discourage an environment conducive to mold growth

Sink

- Worn Chip/Scratch Solid/Granite

Faucet

- No Shut-off Unsecured Corrosion Minor Leakage at Handle - Repair

Operational

Trap/Drain

- Drain stop disconnected/inoperable-Repair Slow Drain/Clean/Repair Corrosion - Monitor for leaks

Vanity

- Worn/Scratches Missing/Loose Hardware Prior Stains-No Leakage Now

Counter

- Unsecured Minor Damage - Scratches/Stains Caulk at Backsplash

All Baths

Toilet

Operational

No Shut-Off Unsecured Crooked - Monitor for leakage

Tub/Enclosure

Ceramic/Tile Solid Surface/Marble Fiberglass Plastic Panels
 Minor Mildew Stains-Treat/Clean Worn - Scratches/Chips

Tub Faucet/Mixer

Operational

Not Tested Unsecured Leaky-Secure/Repair/Replace

Shower Head

Operational

Not Tested Unsecured Leaky-Secure/Repair/Replace

Heat Source

None Thermostat Electric Air Register Radiant
 Radiator/Convactor

Kitchen

Floor

- Worn Minor Cracking - Typica Stains/Minor Damage

Wall

- Uneven Patched Minor Cracking - Typica

Ceiling

- Uneven Patched- Typical Minor Cracking - Typica

Window

- Binds - Adjust/Repair Not Tested Thermal Pane Single Pane
 Treat Wood To Preserve/Protect Representative # Inspected/Tested Storm Window

Operational

Lighting

- None Unsecured Representative # Inspected/Tested

Operational

Sink

- Worn Chip/Scratch

Faucet

- No Shut-Off Valve Unsecured Corrosion Minor Leakage at Handle - Repair

Operational

Trap/Drain

- Slow Drain - Clean/Repair Corrosion - Monitor for Leakage

Counter

- Unsecured Caulk at Backsplash Minor Damage/Scratches/Worn

Cabinet

- Worn/Scratches Missing/Loose Hardware Representative # Inspected/Tested

Range Hood

- Cooktop Exhaust No Exhaust No Light Noisy

Operational

Major Appliances (Built-in)

- Tested ON/OFF only. Did not Test All Functions/Cycles

All appliances were turned on using regular operating controls if they are connected or not shut down. All functions and different systems are not tested. The test simply comprises turning the appliances on to verify some basic functionality.

Stove/Cooktop

Brand GE# RS104469

Operational



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Kitchen

Refrigerator

Operational

Brand Maytag # 13891366AG

Heat Source

- None Thermostat Electric Air Register Radiant
 Radiator/Convactor

Interior Living Spaces

Floor

- Worn Minor Cracking - Typica Staining/Minor Damage

Wall

- Uneven Patched - Typical Minor Cracking - Typica
 Wood Frame w/drywall/plaster

Ceiling

- Uneven Patched - Typical Minor Cracking - Typica
 Wood Frame w/drywall/plaster

Monitor previous repairs to ensure leak remains inactive

Window

Operational

- Binds - Adjust/Repair Not Tested Fixed Pane Single Pane Thermal Pane
 Treat Wood To Preserve/Protect Representative # Inspected/Tested

Failed seal between double panes of glass. East Window has fogged. Condition considered cosmetic.

Lighting

Operational

- None Unsecured Representative # Inspected/Tested

Interior Doors

Operational

- Binds - Adjust/Repair Hinged Closet door off track
 Floor guides missing Representative # Inspected/Tested

Stairway

- Carpet Wood Worn Squeaks - Typical

Railing

- Wood/Metal Incomplete None

Exterior Doors

Operational

- Binds - Adjust/Repair Weather Stripping Missing/Improper Dead Bolt
 Minor Damage - Dent/Split/Worn Sliding Hinged

Sidelight

- Loose None Tempered Safety Glass

Heat Source

- Air Register Electric Radiator/Convactor None
 Radiant-Concealed



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Additional Comments

General Comments

This is a Prelisting Inspection performed for the seller of the home in preparation for putting the home on the market for sale. This inspection is completed to ASHI and OAHl standards, is visual in nature, and does not address building code compliance issues which are the purview of municipal building inspectors.

Property and Site

Building



Rear image

Front Porch



Wood to soil contact

Exterior

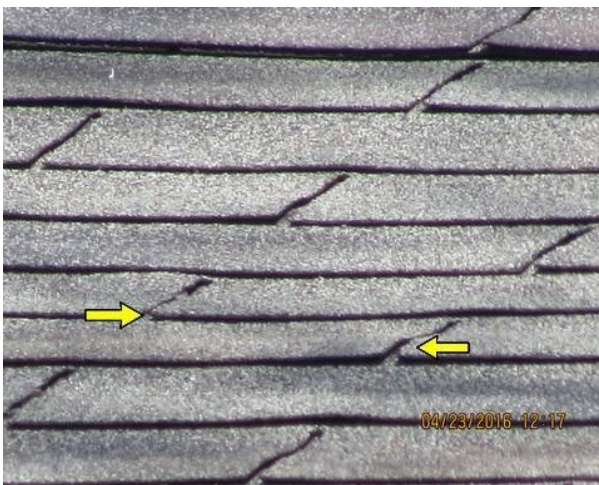
Exterior Walls



Missing wood siding

Roof Structure

Main Roof



Shingles just starting to cup and curl



Roof covering

Roof Structure

Main Roof



Previous repair

Attic

Structure



Attic



Attic
Structure



Water staining on beam

Basement/Structure
Pipes/Ducts



Dissimilar metals in contact

Electrical Service

Distribution Panel



Distribution panel

Heating

Heating System



Mid efficiency furnace

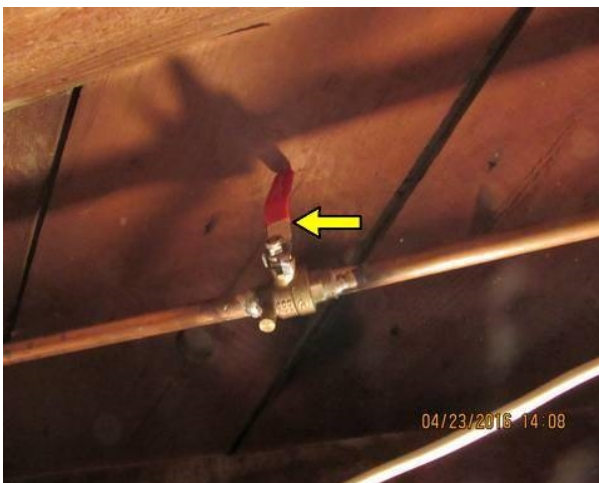
Plumbing Components

Public Supply



Water meter and main shutoff

Hose Bibb



Hose bibb shutoff

Laundry
Ceiling



Water stains

Upgrading Windows

Clients often ask Pillar to Post inspectors about the value of upgrading windows. There are many good reasons to upgrade windows but it is often difficult to decide based solely on dollars and cents.

Save Energy

Replacing old drafty windows with modern windows will save energy, but the cost will not likely justify the energy savings. Break even will only occur after twenty to thirty years.

Beware of claims such as 40% savings on your energy bills. Realistically, you may save 10% - 20%. If saving money is your only goal, consider weather stripping and repairing the windows you have.

Still, you may have good reasons to upgrade your windows. The decision depends on the condition of your current windows and your desire for the benefits discussed below.

Benefits of Modern Windows

1. Modern windows are more energy efficient. Using less fuel preserves our environment.
2. New windows eliminate drafts and cold spots.
3. New windows look better, potentially increasing the value of your house.
4. New windows function better and are often easier to clean.
5. Modern windows block street sounds better.

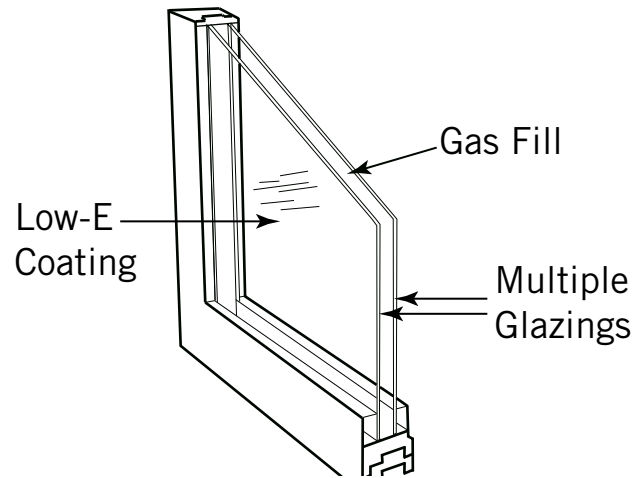
Comparing Windows

U-Factor

The National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC) has developed a standardized rating system called the "U-factor" which provides a single number with which to compare windows. The U-factor is a number between 0 and 1: the lower the number, the better. 0.35 is good. In cold climates, the U-factor is the most important factor for selecting a window.

Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC)

In climates where air conditioning is more important than heating, the SHGC is the most important factor for choosing a window. The SHGC represents how much heat from the sun penetrates the window. The SHGC is a number between 0 and 1. For air conditioning climates, a number less than 0.4 is good. For heating climates, a larger number, such as 0.6, is better.



Panes of Glass (glazing)

Single Pane

A single sheet of glass does not provide sufficient insulation in most climates. If you have single pane windows, consider some form of upgrade.

Single Pane with Storm Window

A storm window provides an additional pane of glass. Mounted over existing windows outside the house, storm windows significantly increase efficiency of the window.

Single Pane with Secondary Glazing

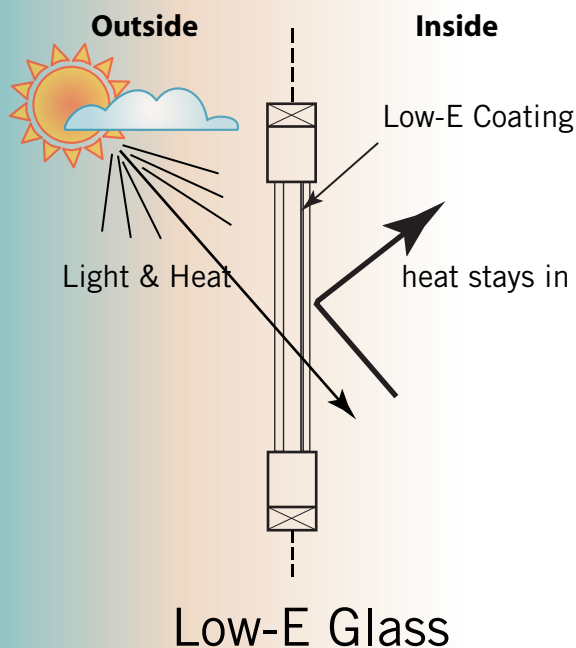
Secondary glazing just means adding a second pane of glass inside the home, such as a window pane with magnetic edges added to an existing window. This is a very clean and elegant way to increase the efficiency of existing windows. Secondary glazing makes sense when a home owner wants to keep the existing windows for historic or aesthetic reasons but would like to increase efficiency and comfort. These systems are expensive.

Double Glazed

The most common type of glazing used today is double glazed, involving two panes of glass hermetically sealed with a small air gap in between.

Triple Glazed

Three panes of glass hermetically sealed with a small air space in between each. More efficient than double glazed, triple glazing also effectively blocks sound. The extra expense may be worth it for the front of the house facing a busy or noisy street.



Advanced Technology

Argon Filled

Some manufacturers put argon gas, a better insulator than air, between the panes, resulting in a more efficient window. Most experts agree that the argon does not last forever.

Glass Coatings

Coatings or films can dramatically improve the efficiency of a window. In a heating climate, low-E glass allows short wave solar radiation into the home for a heat gain, and prevents heat loss by reflecting the longer wave heat from inside your house back into the room. In hot climates, the window can be coated or tinted to reduce heat gain from the sun.

Ask a home inspector, or another impartial professional, whether you need to upgrade your windows. A window salesperson will likely give you only one answer: yes!

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